



## FoundationOne® CDx Patient Report Guide

FoundationOne CDx is a test, ordered by your doctor, that looks for mutations and biomarkers in your cancer's DNA. The results of this test can help you and your doctor decide together on the next best step in your treatment plan. This report guide can help prepare you to review and discuss your test results with your doctor.

### How to Use this Guide:

- Use this guide *after* your results are ready.
- You can request a copy of your FoundationOne CDx report by contacting our Client Services team at 888-988-3639 or emailing [client.services@foundationmedicine.com](mailto:client.services@foundationmedicine.com).
- This guide will walk you through each section, focusing on the first couple of pages of your report, with numbers to call out different parts of the report.
- The report images in this guide are from a sample report, which can help you read your actual report. This guide does not contain your actual report. Your report may have a different length of pages from the sample report, which may cause some sections of your report to land on different pages from the sample report.
- A **GLOSSARY** of key terms is included on the last page of this guide.

# Report Page One

The first page of your report contains a summary of the gene mutations and biomarkers found by testing your sample.

1

## Biomarker Findings

Microsatellite instability (MSI) and tumor mutational burden (TMB) are two biomarkers that can help your doctor understand what immunotherapy treatment options might be available for you.

2

## Genomic Findings

This section shows the gene mutations that may be linked with treatment options. This includes the names of genes where a mutation was found (e.g., "EGFR") along with a description of that mutation (e.g., "L858R").

3

## Report Highlights

This provides the highlights from your results, at a glance, to help your doctor focus on the key actionable results for treatment planning.

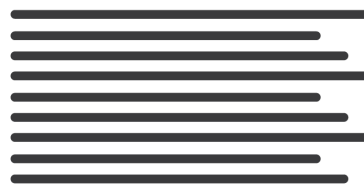
If your report mentions that you have positive companion diagnostic (CDx) findings, these are described in more detail in the later pages of the report. This refers to an additional layer of results. However, all of your test findings and treatment options are described in the first summary section.



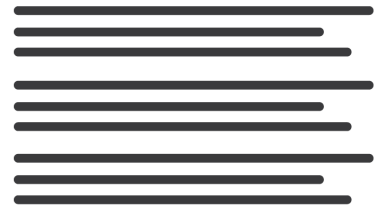
### 1 Biomarker Findings



### 2 Genomic Findings



### 3 Report Highlights



#### BIOMARKER FINDING DETAILS



#### THERAPY + CLINICAL TRIAL IMPLICATIONS





# Key Terms

## Alterations

Changes in the DNA that can influence cancer growth (also called “mutations”).

## Biomarker

A marker found in blood or tissues that may provide your doctor with information about potential treatment options. For example, the status of certain biomarkers can predict response to immunotherapy.

## Biomarker Findings

On your FoundationOne CDx report, the “Biomarker Findings” section includes the following biomarkers: microsatellite instability (MSI) and tumor mutational burden (TMB). A high level of either of these two biomarkers may indicate that you could benefit from immunotherapy. Please note, however, that in other contexts, “biomarkers” may also include gene mutations.

## Biomarker Testing

You may also hear the testing referred to as genomic testing, tumor testing, molecular testing, next-generation sequencing (NGS), and genomic profiling. Biomarker testing is a general category of testing that looks for mutations in cancer genes to identify potential treatment options. Foundation Medicine performs a type of biomarker testing called comprehensive genomic profiling (CGP).

## Cells

Basic units that make up your body.

## Clinical Trial

A type of research study that tests how well new medical approaches work in people. These studies test new methods of screening, prevention, diagnosis, or treatment of a disease.

## Companion Diagnostic (CDx)

A medical device which provides information essential for the safe and effective use of a corresponding therapy. The test helps doctors determine if a particular treatment’s benefits to a patient will outweigh any potential risks.

## Comprehensive Genomic Profiling (CGP)

A method of cancer testing that can find the mutations in your DNA that may be causing your cancer to grow. This is the type of testing performed by Foundation Medicine.

## DNA

The molecules inside cells that carry genetic information and pass it from one generation to the next. DNA instructs cells how to grow and divide; DNA mutations may lead to cancer growth.

## Food and Drug Administration (FDA)

The official US government agency responsible for review and approval of drugs and certain diagnostic tests to determine their safety and effectiveness for the intended use in patients.

## Foundation Medicine

Company that performs biomarker/genomic testing called comprehensive genomic profiling (CGP).

## FoundationOne CDx

A next-generation sequencing test developed by Foundation Medicine that analyzes over 300 genes and biomarkers to identify potential treatment options for advanced cancer patients with solid tumors.

## Genes

Segments of DNA. Genomic testing may find mutations in genes that can influence cancer growth.

## Genomic Findings

Mutations identified in your cancer’s DNA that may be matched with targeted treatment options.

## Genomic Testing

You may also hear the testing referred to as biomarker testing, tumor testing, molecular testing, next-generation sequencing (NGS), and genomic profiling. Genomic testing is a general category of testing that looks for mutations in cancer genes to identify potential treatment options. Foundation Medicine performs a type of genomic testing called comprehensive genomic profiling (CGP).

## Immunotherapy

A type of cancer treatment that helps the body’s immune system attack cancer cells.

## Microsatellite Instability (MSI)

A biomarker that may help predict benefit from immunotherapy. MSI refers to a type of instability in a tumor’s DNA.

## Mutations

Changes in the DNA that can influence cancer growth (also called “alterations”).

## Targeted Therapy

A type of cancer treatment that attacks cancer cells with specific gene mutations.

## Tumor

A mass within the body caused by abnormal growth of cells.

## Tumor Mutational Burden (TMB)

A biomarker that can be detected from your sample and that may help predict response to immunotherapy. TMB is a measure of the frequency of mutations in your DNA when performing FoundationOne CDx.

## Tumor Type

The type of cancer (e.g., lung cancer, breast cancer, etc.).

FoundationOne®CDx is a qualitative next-generation sequencing based in vitro diagnostic test for advanced cancer patients with solid tumors and is for prescription use only. The test analyzes 324 genes as well as genomic signatures including microsatellite instability (MSI) and tumor mutational burden (TMB) and is a companion diagnostic to identify patients who may benefit from treatment with specific therapies in accordance with the approved therapeutic product labeling. Additional genomic findings may be reported and are not prescriptive or conclusive for labeled use of any specific therapeutic product. Use of the test does not guarantee a patient will be matched to a treatment. A negative result does not rule out the presence of an alteration. Some patients may require a biopsy. For the complete label, including companion diagnostic indications and important risk information, please visit [www.FICDXLabel.com](http://www.FICDXLabel.com).